

Publication

A quantitative analysis of CLIP methods for identifying binding sites of RNA-binding proteins

JournalArticle (Originalarbeit in einer wissenschaftlichen Zeitschrift)

ID 749218

Author(s) Kishore, Shivendra; Jaskiewicz, Lukasz; Burger, Lukas; Hausser, Jean; Khorshid, Mohsen; Zavolan, Mihaela

Author(s) at UniBasel [Zavolan, Mihaela](#) ;

Year 2011

Title A quantitative analysis of CLIP methods for identifying binding sites of RNA-binding proteins

Journal Nature Methods

Volume 8

Number 7

Pages / Article-Number 559-64

Cross-linking and immunoprecipitation (CLIP) is increasingly used to map transcriptome-wide binding sites of RNA-binding proteins. We developed a method for CLIP data analysis, and applied it to compare CLIP with photoactivatable ribonucleoside-enhanced CLIP (PAR-CLIP) and to uncover how differences in cross-linking and ribonuclease digestion affect the identified sites. We found only small differences in accuracies of these methods in identifying binding sites of HuR, which binds low-complexity sequences, and Argonaute 2, which has a complex binding specificity. We found that cross-link-induced mutations led to single-nucleotide resolution for both PAR-CLIP and CLIP. Our results confirm the expectation from original CLIP publications that RNA-binding proteins do not protect their binding sites sufficiently under the denaturing conditions used during the CLIP procedure, and we show that extensive digestion with sequence-specific RNases strongly biases the recovered binding sites. This bias can be substantially reduced by milder nuclease digestion conditions.

Publisher Nature Publishing Group

ISSN/ISBN 1548-7091

edoc-URL <http://edoc.unibas.ch/dok/A5844196>

Full Text on edoc No;

Digital Object Identifier DOI 10.1038/nmeth.1608

PubMed ID <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/21572407>

ISI-Number WOS:000292194500017

Document type (ISI) Journal Article