

Publication

Comparing a porphyrin- and a coumarin-based dye adsorbed on NiO(001)

JournalArticle (Originalarbeit in einer wissenschaftlichen Zeitschrift)

ID 4500728

Author(s) Freund, Sara; Hinaut, Antoine; Marinakis, Nathalie; Constable, Edwin C.; Meyer, Ernst; Housecroft, Catherine E.; Glatzel, Thilo

Author(s) at UniBasel [Housecroft, Catherine](#) ; [Freund, Sara](#) ; [Marinakis, Nathalie](#) ; [Constable, Edwin Charles](#) ; [Meyer, Ernst](#) ; [Glatzel, Thilo](#) ; [Hinaut, Antoine](#) ;

Year 2019

Title Comparing a porphyrin- and a coumarin-based dye adsorbed on NiO(001)

Journal Beilstein Journal of Nanotechnology

Volume 10

Pages / Article-Number 874-881

Keywords coumarin; Kelvin probe force microscopy; metal oxide; molecular resolution; nickel oxide (NiO); non-contact atomic force microscopy; porphyrin

Properties of metal oxides, such as optical absorption, can be influenced through the sensitization with molecular species that absorb visible light. Molecular/solid interfaces of this kind are particularly suited for the development and design of emerging hybrid technologies such as dye-sensitized solar cells. A key optimization parameter for such devices is the choice of the compounds in order to control the direction and the intensity of charge transfer across the interface. Here, the deposition of two different molecular dyes, porphyrin and coumarin, as single-layered islands on a NiO(001) single crystal surface have been studied by means of non-contact atomic force microscopy at room temperature. Comparison of both island types reveals different adsorption and packing of each dye, as well as an opposite charge-transfer direction, which has been quantified by Kelvin probe force microscopy measurements.

Publisher Beilstein-Institut

ISSN/ISBN 2190-4286

URL <https://www.beilstein-journals.org/s/WCPeSWbMaw>

edoc-URL <https://edoc.unibas.ch/70190/>

Full Text on edoc Available;

Digital Object Identifier DOI 10.3762/bjnano.10.88

PubMed ID <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/31165014>

ISI-Number 000465332300002

Document type (ISI) Journal Article