

Publication

A virtual look at Epstein-Barr virus infection: simulation mechanism

JournalArticle (Originalarbeit in einer wissenschaftlichen Zeitschrift)

ID 3925789

Author(s) Shapiro, M.; Duca, K. A.; Lee, K.; Delgado-Eckert, E.; Hawkins, J.; Jarrah, A. S.; Laubenthaler, R.; Polys, N. F.; Hadinoto, V.; Thorley-Lawson, D. A.

Author(s) at UniBasel [Delgado-Eckert, Edgar](#) ;

Year 2008

Title A virtual look at Epstein-Barr virus infection: simulation mechanism

Journal Journal of Theoretical Biology

Volume 252

Number 4

Pages / Article-Number 633-648

Epstein-Barr virus (EBV) is an important human pathogen that establishes a life-long persistent infection and for which no precise animal model exists. In this paper, we describe in detail an agent-based model and computer simulation of EBV infection. Agents representing EBV and sets of B and T lymphocytes move and interact on a three-dimensional grid approximating Waldeyer's ring, together with abstract compartments for lymph and blood. The simulation allows us to explore the development and resolution of virtual infections in a manner not possible in actual human experiments. Specifically, we identify parameters capable of inducing clearance, persistent infection, or death.

Publisher Elsevier

ISSN/ISBN 0022-5193 ; 1095-8541

URL <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/pmc2515170/>

edoc-URL <https://edoc.unibas.ch/64027/>

Full Text on edoc No;

Digital Object Identifier DOI 10.1016/j.jtbi.2008.01.032

PubMed ID <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/18371986>

ISI-Number WOS:000257333500005

Document type (ISI) Article