

Research Project

Reconstituted Artificial Coronas: engineering nano-particles by in-silico protein mutagenesis

Third-party funded project

Project title Reconstituted Artificial Coronas: engineering nano-particles by in-silico protein mutagenesis

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Organisation / Research unit

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Department

Project Website http://www.ccmx.ch/home/

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Status Completed

Nanoparticles (NP) are novel materials being used increasingly in a range of fields, including in medicine. When NP enter the blood stream, they often interact with proteins to form a "corona", which may change the properties and function of the nanoparticle; it is also thought that formation of the corona is related to toxic effects of nanoparticles. However, how proteins bind to NP and how exactly this protein-inorganic interaction occurs remains largely unknown; consequently, any prediction of corona formation and of potential toxicity of NP remains difficult.

In this project, we aim to study the interaction at the biological-inorganic interface, in specific model proteins binding to silica and gold NP of defined size and surface chemistry. Using a reiterative approach combining experiment and computation, hypotheses generated compitationally will be tested experimentally using recombinant protein mutants designed to probe potential interaction sites.

Keywords Nanoparticles, biological-inorganic interface

Financed by

Public Administration

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ID	Kreditinhaber	Kooperationspartner	Institution	Laufzeit -	Laufzeit -
				von	bis
3721759	Schwede,	Wick, Peter	EMPA Swiss Federal Lab-		
	Torsten		oratories for Materials Sci-	01.10.2015	31.12.2018
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