

Publication

Anion separations with pressure-assisted capillary electrophoresis using a sequential injection analysis manifold and contactless conductivity detection

JournalArticle (Originalarbeit in einer wissenschaftlichen Zeitschrift)

ID 1007364

Author(s) Mai, Thanh Duc; Hauser, Peter C

Author(s) at UniBasel Hauser, Peter C. ; Mai, Thanh Duc ;

Year 2011

Title Anion separations with pressure-assisted capillary electrophoresis using a sequential injection analysis manifold and contactless conductivity detection

Journal Electrophoresis

Volume 32

Number 21

Pages / Article-Number 3000-7

Keywords Anions, Capacitively coupled contactless conductivity detection (C(4)D), Electroosmotic flow compensation, Pressure-assisted capillary electrophoresis (PACE), Sequential injection analysis (SIA) It is demonstrated that a hydrodynamic flow superimposed on the mobility of analyte anions can be used for the optimization of analysis time in capillary zone electrophoresis. It was also possible to use the approach for counter-balancing the electroosmotic flow and this works as well as the use of surface modifiers. To avoid any band-broadening due to the bulk flow narrow capillaries of 10 mu M internal diameter were employed. This was enabled by the use of capacitively coupled contactless conductivity detection, which does not suffer from the downscaling, and detection down to between 1 and 20 mu M for a range of inorganic and small organic anions was found feasible. Precisely controlled hydrodynamic flow was generated with a sequential injection manifold based on a syringe pump. Sample injection was carried out with a new design relying on a simple piece of capillary tubing to achieve the appropriate back-pressure for the required split-injection procedure.

Publisher Wiley-VCH

ISSN/ISBN 0173-0835

edoc-URL http://edoc.unibas.ch/dok/A6001929

Full Text on edoc No;

Digital Object Identifier DOI 10.1002/elps.201100200

PubMed ID http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/21997519

ISI-Number WOS:000298101000010

Document type (ISI) Journal Article